

Cambridge International Examinations

Cambridge International Advanced Level

MATHEMATICS
Paper 7
MARK SCHEME
Maximum Mark: 50

Published

This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and candidates, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which Examiners were instructed to award marks. It does not indicate the details of the discussions that took place at an Examiners' meeting before marking began, which would have considered the acceptability of alternative answers.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the question paper and the Principal Examiner Report for Teachers.

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Mark Scheme Notes

Marks are of the following three types:

- M Method mark, awarded for a valid method applied to the problem. Method marks are not lost for numerical errors, algebraic slips or errors in units. However, it is not usually sufficient for a candidate just to indicate an intention of using some method or just to quote a formula; the formula or idea must be applied to the specific problem in hand, e.g. by substituting the relevant quantities into the formula. Correct application of a formula without the formula being quoted obviously earns the M mark and in some cases an M mark can be implied from a correct answer.
- A Accuracy mark, awarded for a correct answer or intermediate step correctly obtained.

 Accuracy marks cannot be given unless the associated method mark is earned (or implied).
- B Mark for a correct result or statement independent of method marks.
- When a part of a question has two or more "method" steps, the M marks are generally independent unless the scheme specifically says otherwise; and similarly when there are several B marks allocated. The notation DM or DB (or dep*) is used to indicate that a particular M or B mark is dependent on an earlier M or B (asterisked) mark in the scheme. When two or more steps are run together by the candidate, the earlier marks are implied and full credit is given.
- The symbol FT implies that the A or B mark indicated is allowed for work correctly following on from previously incorrect results. Otherwise, A or B marks are given for correct work only. A and B marks are not given for fortuitously "correct" answers or results obtained from incorrect working.
 - Note: B2 or A2 means that the candidate can earn 2 or 0.
 B2/1/0 means that the candidate can earn anything from 0 to 2.

The marks indicated in the scheme may not be subdivided. If there is genuine doubt whether a candidate has earned a mark, allow the candidate the benefit of the doubt. Unless otherwise indicated, marks once gained cannot subsequently be lost, e.g. wrong working following a correct form of answer is ignored.

- Wrong or missing units in an answer should not lead to the loss of a mark unless the scheme specifically indicates otherwise.
- For a numerical answer, allow the A or B mark if a value is obtained which is correct to 3 s.f., or which would be correct to 3 s.f. if rounded (1 d.p. in the case of an angle). As stated above, an A or B mark is not given if a correct numerical answer arises fortuitously from incorrect working. For Mechanics questions, allow A or B marks for correct answers which arise from taking *g* equal to 9.8 or 9.81 instead of 10.

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May/June 2017

The following abbreviations may be used in a mark scheme or used on the scripts:

AEF/OE	Any Equivalent Form (of answer is equally acceptable) / Or Equivalent
AG	Answer Given on the question paper (so extra checking is needed to ensure that the detailed working leading to the result is valid)
CAO	Correct Answer Only (emphasising that no "follow through" from a previous error is allowed)
CWO	Correct Working Only – often written by a 'fortuitous' answer
ISW	Ignore Subsequent Working

SOI Seen or implied

SR Special Ruling (detailing the mark to be given for a specific wrong solution, or a case where some standard marking practice is to be varied in the light of a particular circumstance)

Penalties

- MR –1 A penalty of MR –1 is deducted from A or B marks when the data of a question or part question are genuinely misread and the object and difficulty of the question remain unaltered. In this case all A and B marks then become "follow through" marks. MR is not applied when the candidate misreads his own figures this is regarded as an error in accuracy. An MR –2 penalty may be applied in particular cases if agreed at the coordination meeting.
- PA –1 This is deducted from A or B marks in the case of premature approximation. The PA –1 penalty is usually discussed at the meeting.

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
1	$\frac{0.801 \times (1 - 0.801)}{2000} \qquad (= 0.0000797)$	M1	
	$0.801 \pm z \times \sqrt{"0.0000797"}$	M1	Allow any z-value
	z = 1.96	B1	
	0.784 to 0.818 (3 sf)	A1	As final answer. Must be an interval Allow 0.783 to 0.819
	Total:	4	
2(i)	E(X) = 4.197	B1	
	Var(X) = 4.196	B1	Both to 3dp or better
	Total:	4	
2(ii)	$E(X) \approx Var(X)$	B1	Condone =
2(iii)	$e^{-4.1968} \left(1 + 4.1968 + \frac{4.1968^2}{2} + \frac{4.1968^3}{3!} + \frac{4.1968^4}{4!} \right)$	M1	Any λ. Allow with one end error
	= 0.59(0) (3 sfs)	A1	Allow 0.591
	Total:	2	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
3(i)	Est $(\mu) = 923/400$ or 2.3075 or 2.31 (3 sf)	B1	
	Est(σ^2) = $\frac{400}{399} \left(\frac{3170}{400} - "2.3075"^2 \right)$ OE	M1	
	= 2.60696 or 2.61 (3 sf)	A1	(Note: Biased Var= 2.600 scores M0)
	Total:	3	
3(ii)	H ₀ : Pop mean (or μ) = "2.31" or "2310" H ₁ : Pop mean (or μ) > "2.31" or "2310"	B1 FT	
	$\pm \frac{2.6 - 2.310}{\sqrt{2.60696 \pm 50}} = 1.27$	M1 A1	Standardising using their values, Accept 1.28
	Comp 1.645 (OE)	M1	Valid comparison z values or areas
	No evidence that incomes in the region greater	A1 FT	OE FT their z. No contradictions (No FT for 2 tail test – max score B0 M1 A1 M1 for comp 1.96 A0) Note: Accept alternative CV method
	Total:	5	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
4(i)	$0.75^{20} + 20 \times 0.75^{19} \times 0.25 + {}^{20}C_2 \times 0.75^{18} \times 0.25^2$	M1	No end errors
	= 0.0913	A1	As final answer
	Total:	2	
4(ii)	H ₀ : Pop proportion=0.25 H ₁ : Pop proportion<0.25	B1	Allow p or π , not "proportion" (Accept anywhere in the question)
	$0.75^{25} + 25 \times 0.75^{24} \times 0.25$	M1	Must be B(25,0,25) No end errors
	= 0.00702	A1	
	comp 0.01	M1	Valid comparison
	There is evidence that the claim is not justified	A1 FT	OE. No contradictions
	Total:	5	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
5(i)	$0.5 \times 1 \times h = 0.25$ h = 0.5 grad = 0.5	M1	$P(X < 2) = 4 \times P(X < 1)$ M1
	f(x) = 0.5x	A1	P(X < 2) = 1 A1 A1 A1
	$0.5 \times a \times 0.5a = 1$	M1	$0.5 \times 2 \times h' = 1$ M1 $h' = 1$
	a=2	A1	grad = 0.5
	P(X < 2) = 1	A1	f(x) = 0.5x A1
	Total:	5	
5(ii)	$\int_0^m 0.5x dx = 0.5$	M1	Attempt $\int f(x) dx = 0.5$ Ignore limits
	$= \left[\frac{x^2}{4}\right]_0^m = 0.5$	A1FT	Correct integration (ft $f(x)$) & limits = 0.5
	$m = \sqrt{2}$ or 1.41 (3 sf)	A1	or by similarity $m = \frac{1}{\sqrt{2}} \times 2$ M2
			$=\sqrt{2}$ A1
	Total:	3	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
6(i)	$e^{-2.4} \times \frac{2.4^2}{2!}$	M1	Allow incorrect λ
	= 0.261 (3 sfs)	A1	
	Total:	2	
6(ii)	N(60, 60)	B1	seen or implied
	$\frac{54.5 - 60}{\sqrt{60}} \tag{= -0.710}$	M1	allow with wrong or missing cc
	$1 - \phi("-0.710") = \phi("0.710")$	M1	For area consistent with their working
	= 0.761 (3 sf)	A1	
	Total:	4	
6(iii)	$\lambda = 3.6 + 12 \div 7 \ (= 186/35)$ (= 5.314)	M1	
	$e^{-5.314} \left(1 + 5.314 + \frac{5.314^2}{2} + \frac{5.314^3}{3!} \right)$	M1	Allow incorrect λ. Allow one end error.
	= 0.224 (3 sfs)	A1	
	Total:	3	

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Question	Answer	Marks	Guidance
7(a)	$E(X_1+X_2) = 2 \times 4.2 = 8.4$ $Var(X_1+X_2) = 2 \times 1.1^2 = 2.42$	B1	Both. Seen or implied (or sd = 1.56)
	$\frac{10-8.4}{\sqrt{2.42}} \qquad (=1.029)$	M1	Standardising with their mean and var (no sd / var mix)
	1 – φ("1.029")	M1	For area consistent with their working
	= 0.152 (3 sf)	A1	
	Total:	4	
7(b)	E(X) = 20.5	B1	
	$Var(X) = 105 + 0.5^{2} \times 15 \qquad (= 108.75)$	M1	correct expression oe
	$\frac{0-"20.5"}{\sqrt{"108.75"}} \qquad (=-1.966)$	M1	correct standardisation using their E & V (no sd/var mix) ignore any attempted cc
	$\phi("-1.966") = 1 - \phi("1.966")$ $(= (1 - 0.9754))$	M1	For area consistent with their working
	= 0.0246 or 2.46% (3 sf)	A1	Accept 0.0247
	Total:	5	

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